# WWW.MATTDRISCOLLMD.COM

# ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY, SPORTS MEDICINE, AND ARTHROSCOPY

#### **ACL Reconstruction Rehab Protocol**

The intent of this protocol is to provide a general framework for ACL rehabilitation. Within this framework are guidelines for activity progression that will vary depending on a given individual's rate of recovery and associated injuries.

# **Preoperative**

#### Goals:

- 1. Full Active Range of Motion (Flexion and Extension)
- 2. Restore Quadriceps Strength
- 3. No (or minimal) swelling
- 4. Normalized Walking (gait) pattern

#### **Treatment:**

- 1. Modalities to reduce inflammation and pain
- 2. Compression bandaging as needed
- 3. ROM, Stretching, Grade2-3 joint mob involved knee, PF mobilization
- 4. General LE stretching for ankle and hip
- 5. Progress from PROM to A/A ROM to AROM
- 6. Quad Sets, SLR, Leg Press with minimal resistance (then progress), wall squats, stationary bike when patient has enough ROM
- 7. Other Exercises: Resisted plantar and dorsi flexion, bridging, hip abduction, hip flexion, adductor squeezing, heel slides, hamstring sets, resisted knee flexion
- 8. Gait train: normalized gait with assistive device(s), progressing to normalized gait pattern and fair balance without assistive device

## **Postoperative**

# **General Principles:**

- 1. Organized progression through phases
- 2. Closed chain exercises
- 3. Edema and Inflammation control
- 4. Functional bracing
- 5. Goal to begin sport specific activity at 6 months depending on progress

Patient can progress more quickly in the first two phases if appropriate and meets specific requirements.

## \*\*\* Modifications for Meniscal Repair:

- ROM: 0-90° for first 2 weeks, then advance as tolerated
- Touch-down weight bearing x 2 weeks, then advance as tolerated per protocol
- Gradually wean from two crutches to one crutch to no crutches as long as there is no increase in pain or swelling
- No weight bearing in > 90° flexion for 2 months

# Phase I: Weeks 1-3 (Range of Motion) Clinic Visits: 2x/week

#### WEIGHTBEARING

- Crutches: progression
  - o FWB as tolerated in brace using crutches
  - Wean off crutches once able to fully extend knee while WB and walk without limp
- Walk with a smooth, even-paced heel-toe lift-off gait: DO NOT LIMP. Do not walk on toes or with a bent knee. Establishing a normal gait early is important.

#### **BRACE**

- Wear hinged brace locked in full extension during ambulation and at night for first week. May continue at night until full extension is achieved.
- Unlock or remove brace for exercises and ROM.

#### **ROM**

- Flexion as tolerated
- Flexion exercises: Heel slides, pull ankle toward buttock
- Regain/maintain full knee extension.
  - o Extension exercises: Heel Props with Quad Sets, Towel stretches
- May use ice and compression dressing during this phase to address soft tissue swelling and effusion.

#### **HOME EXERCISE ROM:**

• Patellar mobilizations and ROM flexion/extension exercises with goal flexion of 120°. May use stationary bike for ROM.

## STRENGTHENING:

• 30-40 repetitions, 1-2 times daily: quad sets along with Progressive Resistance Exercises (PREs) (3-way straight leg raises and prone knee flexion)

#### **MODALITIES:**

Ice: post exercise.

# **Progression Criteria:**

- 1. Gain and maintain full extension (do not force hyperextension)
- 2. Minimum flexion to 100 degrees
- 3. Decrease post-operative swelling
- 4. Progress toward independent walking
- 5. Initiate strengthening program

# PHASE II: Weeks 3-6 (Strength) Clinic Visits: 1x/week

# WEIGHTBEARING

- Full WB without crutches or brace, smooth normal gait pattern, no limping.
- Can begin backwards walking on a treadmill once FWB without the brace.

#### **ROM**

- Continue with Phase I exercises as needed.
- Continue flexion as tolerated and maintain full extension.

# STRENGTHENING: (Closed Chain)

• Begin functional closed chain strengthening, proceed with AROM exercises

## **CONDITIONING:**

3x/week for 20 minutes on an exercise bike - pedaling normally.

# **Progression Criteria:**

- 1. ROM: full hyperextension and 130° of flexion
- 2. Confident, smooth gait pattern
- 3. Begin functional strengthening

# PHASE III: Weeks 6-12 (Power) Therapy Visits: 2x/month

#### WEIGHTBEARING

• Independent with a heel toe gait pattern, equal strides, no limping.

#### **ROM**

• Full ROM in flexion and extension; continue ROM exercises in Phase I and Phase II as needed. (These can be discontinued when ROM is equal on both sides).

#### STRENGTHENING:

 Continue previous exercises as needed and add advanced closed chain activities as function dictates

#### **CONDITIONING:**

- 3x/week for 20 minutes on an exercise bike
- Initiate elliptical training at 8 weeks if adequate strength is present

## **MODALITIES:**

- Ice after exercises (20-30 minutes)
- Proprioception: progress from level planes, incline and mini tramp surfaces

## Functional Training: (beginning at 10 weeks depending on function)

- Initiate landing progression:
  - Unsupported landing 2 legs 10-12 weeks
  - Unsupported landing 1 leg at 12-14 weeks

#### **Progression Criteria:**

- 1. Attain full ROM
- 2. Advance functional strengthening
- 3. Walk up and down stairs using both legs easily
- 4. Must be able to land with flexed knees and no valgus deviation at the knee

## PHASE IV: Weeks 12 + (Function) Clinic Visits: 1x/month

#### **EXERCISES**

- Exercise daily to maintain ROM and advance strength and function to return to regular activities
  - o ROM: daily
  - Strengthening: 3x/week
  - Initiate jump rope at Week 12 (Autograft) or Week 16 (Allograft or Revision), then light plyometrics
  - o Running: Week 12+ (Autograft) or 16+ (Weeks Allograft or Revision)

- Running Program: start basic running program at 12 weeks, after obtaining full leg strength and knee ROM and no/trace swelling is present.
- Begin with walk/jog progression
- o 2 weeks on treadmill, then progress to outdoor running on even surface
- o Emphasis on gait: normal with full knee extension.

# Functional Training: 16 weeks (Autograft) or 20 weeks (Allograft or Revision)

- Stage 1: Start with both feet and progress to involved leg
  - Unsupported linear hopping
  - Unsupported hopping in a box pattern
  - Diagonal hopping
  - Straight line hopping 4 hops forward, then backward
  - Zigzag hopping
- Stage 2: Hopping and running
  - Single leg hop
  - Landings jump off 2" height forward, backward and to each side weight evenly distributed on both feet
  - Resisted jogging elastic band at waist jog backwards, then forwards; progress to forward shuffles, carioca.
- Stage 3: Progress to Running Agility Program

## **Sport Specific Functional Activities**

Initiate after the completion of Functional Training Stage 2

# **MODALITIES:**

Ice after exercises (20-30 minutes)

# **Progression Criteria:**

- 1. Advance agility and power training
- 2. Achieve normal activities on uneven surfaces

#### **RETURN TO SPORT CRITERIA**

- 1. Full ROM
- 2. > 80% of strength compared to uninvolved side on Isokinetic testing at 60°, 80°, and 300° or > 85% of strength compared to uninvolved side with triple hop for distance and hop for time.
- 3. Able demonstrate all sport-related functions at full speed, with normal balance and proprioception, and without evidence of compensation.
- 4. Clearance by Dr. Driscoll.